

Homework #7

Answer Key

Section 4.5 #1, 2, 3(a-d)

①

$$\begin{aligned} \max \quad & x_1 + 2x_2 \\ \text{Subject to} \quad & 2x_1 + x_2 \leq 3 \\ & x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 3 \\ & x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

a) Determine the Dual Problem

$$\begin{aligned} \text{minimize} \quad & 3y_1 + 3y_2 \\ \text{Subject to} \quad & 2y_1 + y_2 \geq 1 \\ & y_1 + 2y_2 \geq 2 \\ & y_1, y_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

b) Show that $x^* = (1, 1)$ and $y^* = (0, 1)$ are optimal solutions to the original and dual problems respectively, by using complementary slackness theorem

verify $(1, 1)$ is feasible for the max problem

$$2 + 1 = 3 \leq 3$$

$$1 + 2 = 3 \leq 3 \quad \checkmark$$

$$1, 1 \geq 0$$

Both constraints yield 0 slack so the optimal of the minimizing problem must be (y_1^*, y_2^*)

$$2y_1^* + y_2^* = 1$$

$$y_1^* + 2y_2^* = 2 \quad y_1^* = 0$$

$$-3y_2^* = -3$$

$$y_2^* = 1$$

verify $(0, 1)$ is feasible for the dual

$$1 \geq 1$$

$$2 \geq 2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$0, 1 \geq 0$$

Both constraints have 0 slack $\therefore x^* = (1, 1)$ and $y^* = (0, 1)$ are optimal solutions.

② Max $2x_1 + 2x_2$
 Subject to $x_1 + x_3 + x_4 \leq 1$
 $x_2 + x_3 - x_4 \leq 1$
 $x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 3$
 $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \geq 0$

a) Determine the Dual Problem

minimize $y_1 + y_2 + 3y_3$
 Subject to $y_1 + y_3 \geq 2$
 $y_2 + y_3 \geq 2$
 $y_1 + y_2 + 2y_3 \geq 0$
 $y_1 - y_2 \geq 0$
 $y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4 \geq 0$

b) $x^* = (1, 1, 0, 0)$
 $\bar{x} \geq 0$

$1 + 0 + 0 = 1 \leq 1$

$1 + 0 - 0 = 1 \leq 1$

$1 + 1 + 0 + 0 = 2 \leq 3$

✓ feasible

$y^* = (1, 1, 1)$

$y \geq 0$

$1 + 1 = 2 \geq 2$

$1 + 1 = 2 \geq 2$

$1 + 1 + 2 = 4 \geq 0$

$1 - 1 = 0 \geq 0$

✓ feasible

c) Show that for this pair of solutions, for each j $x_j^* > 0$ implies the slack in the corresponding dual constraint is 0.

$x^* = (1, 1, 0, 0)$ $x_1^*, x_2^* > 0$
 $x_3^*, x_4^* = 0$

and the first and second constraints of the dual have 0 slack with y^* .

d) Show that y^* is not an optimal solution to the dual

$$\text{at } x^* \quad z = 2(1) + 2(1) + 0 + 0 = 4$$

$$\text{at } y^* \quad v = 1 + 1 + 3(1) = 5$$

$$4 \neq 5$$

so x^* and y^* are not the optimal solutions

e) NO. The slack in the third constraint of the original problem is not 0. So to satisfy the complementary slackness theorem, y_3^* must equal 0 and $y^* = (1, 1, 1)$ does not satisfy this condition.

③ a-d Prove or Disprove using complementary slackness

a) $(1, 1, 0, 0)$ is an optimal solution point to the maximization of problem 2.

$(1, 1, 0, 0)$ is feasible (shown in 2b)

$\neq 0$ slack in the third constraint

$$y_3^* = 0$$

$$y_1^* + y_3^* = 2$$

$$y_2^* + y_3^* = 2$$

$$y_1^* = 2$$

$$y_2^* = 2$$

is $(2, 2, 0)$ feasible?

$$2 \geq 2$$

$$2 \geq 2$$

$$4 + 0 \geq 0$$

$$0 \geq 0$$

feasible \checkmark

so $(1, 1, 0, 0)$ is the optimal solution point to the maximization problem.

b) $(0, 4, 0, 2)$ is an optimal solution to (A.S.8)
on page 157?

is $(0, 4, 0, 2)$ feasible?

$$-4 + 12 = 8 \leq 8$$

$$12 + 4 = 16 \leq 16$$

$$4 + 6 = 10 \leq 12$$

✓ feasible

Slack in third constraint

$$y_3^* = 0$$

$$-y_1^* + 3y_2^* + y_3^* = 3$$

$$6y_1^* + 2y_2^* + 3y_3^* = 22$$

$$20y_2^* = 40$$

$$y_2^* = 2$$

$$y_1^* = 3$$

is $(3, 2, 0)$ feasible for the dual?

$$2(3) + 5(2) = 16 \geq 9$$

$$-3 + 3(2) = 3 \geq 3$$

$$2(3) + 2 = 8 \geq 5$$

$$6(3) + 4 = 22 \geq 22$$

✓ feasible

So, $(0, 4, 0, 2)$ is the optimal solution

c) Dual \rightarrow

minimize $18y_1 + 4y_2 + 14y_3$

So +

$$8y_1 + 2y_2 + y_3 \geq 5$$

$$-2y_1 + 4y_2 + 3y_3 \geq 16$$

$$3y_1 - 7y_2 + y_3 \geq -4$$

$$3y_2 - y_3 \geq -1$$

$$-2y_1 + y_2 + 2y_3 \geq 7$$

$$y_1, y_2, y_3 \geq 0$$

is $(3, 0, 1, 0, 5)$ feasible in the original problem?

$$24 + 3 - 10 = 17 \leq 18$$

$$6 - 7 + 5 = 4 \leq 4$$

$$3 + 1 + 10 = 14 \leq 14$$

✓ feasible

slack in the first constraint

$$y_1^* = 0$$

$$8y_1^* + 2y_2^* + y_3^* = 5$$

$$3y_1^* - 7y_2^* + y_3^* = -4$$

$$-2y_1^* + y_2^* + 2y_3^* = 7$$

$$2y_2^* + y_3^* = 5$$

$$-7y_2^* + y_3^* = -4$$

$$y_2^* + 2y_3^* = 7$$

$$9y_2^* = 9$$

$$y_2^* = 1$$

$$y_3^* = 3$$

$(0, 1, 3)$ feasible for dual?

$$2 + 3 = 5 \geq 5$$

$$4 + 9 = 13 \geq 10 \neq \text{not feasible}$$

$(3, 0, 1, 0, 5)$ is not optimal

d) Dual

Maximize $3y_2$

$$s.t. \quad y_1 + 2y_2 \leq 5$$

$$2y_1 + 3y_2 \leq 8$$

$$-y_1 + y_2 \leq 4$$

$$y_1 - y_2 \leq 2$$

$$y_1, y_2 \geq 0$$

is $(1, 0, 1, 0)$ feasible to the original problem?

$$1 - 1 = 0 \geq 0$$

$$2 + 1 = 3 \geq 3$$

feasible

no slack in any constraints

$$y_1^* + 2y_2^* = 5$$

$$-y_1^* + y_2^* = 4$$

$$3y_2^* = 9$$

$$y_2^* = 3$$

$$y_1^* = -1$$

$\therefore (1, 0, 1, 0)$ is not optimal

not feasible