Linear Algebra Math 221 Bonus Problem Assigned 10/9/18 Solved by Lyeba Hameed on 10/9/18 Section 5

Prove: (AB)^T = ((B)^t)((A)^t)

Solution: The matrix A=(aij) and the matrix B=(bij) also , A^T=(aji) and B^T=(bji).

$$AB(ij) = \sum_{K=1}^{n} aikbkj$$

If we transpose the matrix, we switch the row and columns

$$((AB)^T)ij = (AB)ji = \sum_{K=1}^{n} a_{jk}bki$$

Also , ((B)^T)((A)^T)ij =
$$\sum_{K=1}^{N} ((B)^T)ik((A)^T)kj = \sum_{k=1}^{n} bkiajk$$

This shows that the ij entry of (AB)^T is equal to the ij entry of $(B^T)(A^T)$ This proves that $(AB)^T = (B^T)(A^T)$. (QED)