MATH221 quiz #1, 09/26/19

Solutions Total 100

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Show all work legibly.

Name:____

1. (20) Solve the system

Solution.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -4 & 10 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 & 8 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 8 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -4 & 10 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 8 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & -4 & 10 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 8 & 0 \\ 0 & -10 & -20 & 10 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 8 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 8 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 0 & -24 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 11 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$x_1 = 11, x_2 = -7, x_3 = 3.$$

2. (20) Let $A = [\mathbf{a}_1, \mathbf{a}_2, \mathbf{a}_3] = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. True or False? The vector $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ is a linear combination of $\mathbf{a}_1, \mathbf{a}_2, \mathbf{a}_3$.

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Solution. $b = 0a_1 + 0a_2 - a_3$.

Mark one and explain.

- True False
- 3. (20) Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ Describe all $\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{bmatrix}$ for which the system $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ has a solution.

Solution.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & b_1 \\ -1 & 1 & b_2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & b_1 \\ 0 & 0 & b_1 + b_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

When $b_1 + b_2 = 0$ the system is consistent.

4. (20) Let A be a 1×3 matrix and **u** is a vector with three entries so that $A\mathbf{u} = 1$. True or False? The equation $A\mathbf{x} = 2$ is consistent.

Solution. Note that $A(2\mathbf{u}) = 2A\mathbf{u} = 2$.

Mark one and explain. • True • False

5. (20) True or False? If vectors $\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3$ are linearly independent, then the vectors $\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2$ are also linearly independent.

Solution. If $x_1 \mathbf{v}_1 + x_2 \mathbf{v}_2 = 0$ and not all $x_i = 0$, then $x_1 \mathbf{v}_1 + x_2 \mathbf{v}_2 + 0 \mathbf{v}_3 = 0$.

Mark one and explain.

• True • False

6. (20) The matrix Let
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$
. True or False? All three systems $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{e}_1, \ A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{e}_2, \ \text{and} \ A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{e}_3$

$$\pi \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{c}_1, \ \pi \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{c}_2, \ \text{and} \ \pi \mathbf{x}$$

are consistent.

Solution. A sequence of elementary row operations transforms A into the identity matrix (see solution for Problem 1).

Mark one and explain.

• True • False